

MS Graphs



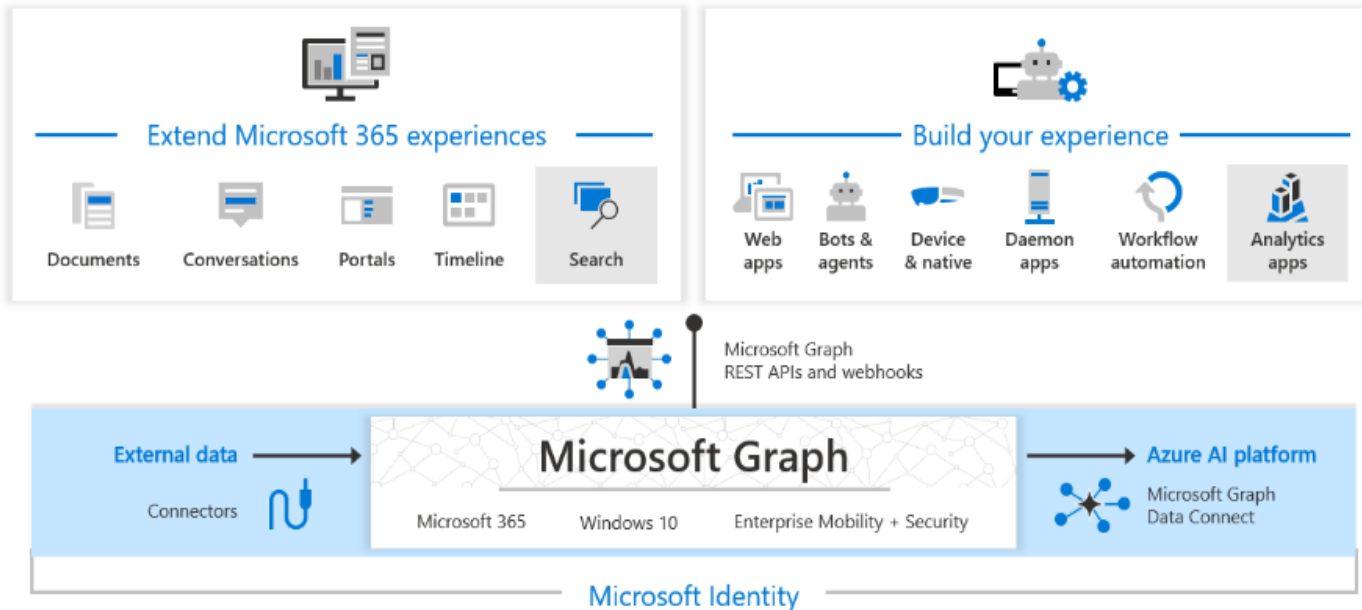
Overview of Microsoft Graph



Microsoft Graph is a gateway to DATA and intelligence in Microsoft 365

Microsoft Graph is a Restful API to expose Data over https

Microsoft Graph offers Graph Explorer to query all the protected DATA



Three main components that facilitates the access and flow of data

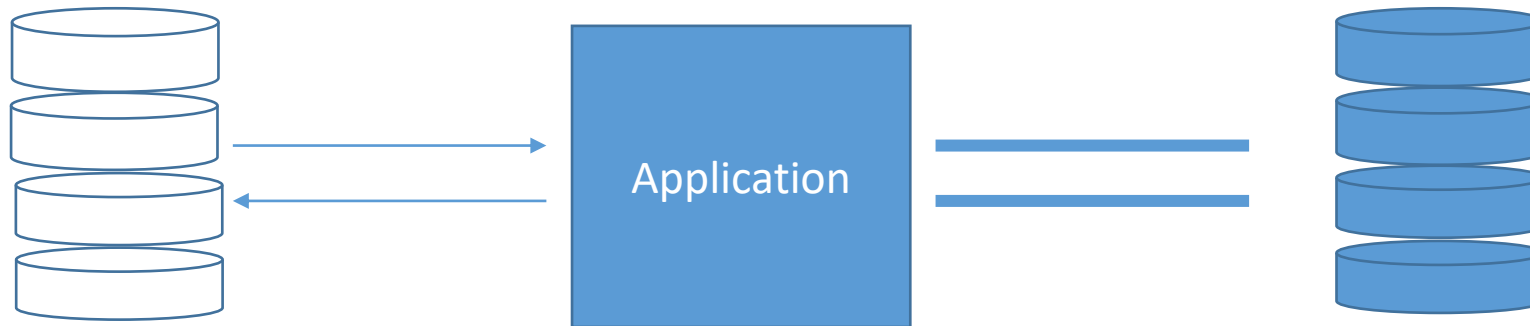
- Microsoft Graph API
- Microsoft Graph Connectors
- Microsoft Graph Data Connect

Its all about Data



Every application or service that we use/build is either generating data or consuming data

Any information that exists, which is accessed by any medium is called “Data”



What can be done using MS Graph



Unified programming model and a single endpoint <https://graph.microsoft.com/>

Accessing Data

- /me,/users,/groups, /messages etc.....

Traversing Data

- /users/{id}/photo/\$value

Accessing Insights

- /insights/trending

Work/School and Personal Accounts

- Authenticate API using Microsoft Account

Permissions



Delegated permissions

These are used by apps that have a signed-in user present.

Either the user or an administrator consents to the permissions that the app requests and the app can act as the signed-in user when making calls to Microsoft Graph.

Some delegated permissions can be consented by non-administrative users, but some higher-privileged permissions require administrator consent.

Application permissions

These are used by apps that run without a signed-in user present. For example, apps that run as background services or daemons.

Application permissions can only be consented by an administrator

Services for MS Graph



At the core of Microsoft Graph are the concepts of the user and group.

The user's data is what drives businesses. A Microsoft 365 *group* is the fundamental entity that lets users collaborate

Microsoft 365 core services: Bookings, Calendar, Delve, Excel, Microsoft 365 compliance eDiscovery, Microsoft Search, OneDrive, OneNote, Outlook/Exchange, People (Outlook contacts), Planner, SharePoint, Teams, To Do, Viva Insights

Enterprise Mobility + Security services: Advanced Threat Analytics, Advanced Threat Protection, Azure Active Directory, Identity Manager, and Intune

Windows services: activities, devices, notifications, Universal Print

Dynamics 365 Business Central services

Authentication & Authorization



OAuth 2.0 authorization code grant flow to get access token from Microsoft Identity platform

Basic steps to use the OAuth 2.0 authorization code grant flow to get an access token from the Microsoft identity platform endpoint:

1. Register your app with Azure AD.
2. Get authorization.
3. Get an access token.
4. Call Microsoft Graph with the access token.
5. Use a refresh token to get a new access token.

[Home](#) > [sahcl | App registrations](#) >

Register an application ...

* Name

The user-facing display name for this application (this can be changed later).

GraphSDK

Supported account types

Who can use this application or access this API?

- Accounts in this organizational directory only (sahcl only - Single tenant)
- Accounts in any organizational directory (Any Azure AD directory - Multitenant)
- Accounts in any organizational directory (Any Azure AD directory - Multitenant) and personal Microsoft accounts (e.g. Skype, Xbox)
- Personal Microsoft accounts only

By proceeding, you agree to the [Microsoft Platform Policies](#)

Register

Different endpoints (Without MS Graph)



Its basically an application

Users, Groups,
Policies, Applications



Azure Active Directory

<https://portal.azure.com>

Mailboxes, Mails,
Calendars



Exchange Online

<https://portal.office.com>
<https://outlook.office365.com/ecp/>

Documents, Sites,
Folders



SharePoint Online

<https://<tenantName>.admin.sharepoint.com>

Channels, Applications

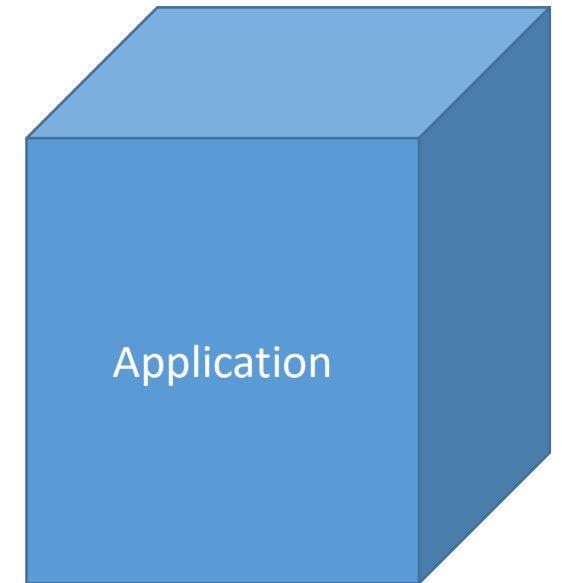


Microsoft Teams

<https://admin.teams.microsoft.com>



Graph Explorer



Single endpoint to access Applications – MS Graph




Azure Active Directory


Exchange Online


SharePoint Online

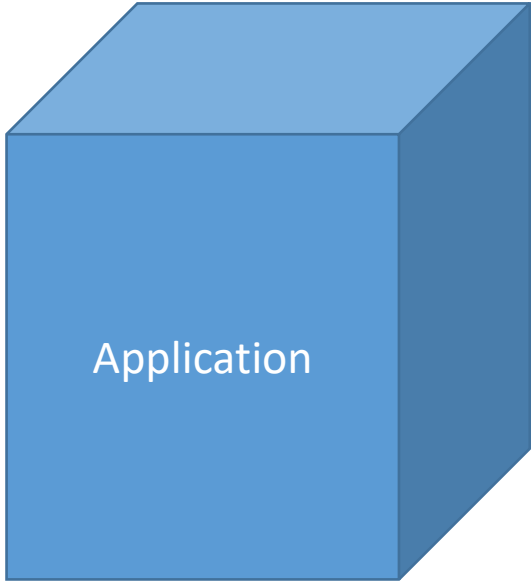

Microsoft Teams



<https://graph.microsoft.com/V1.0>



Graph Explorer



Advantages



- Ease of development
 - Unified API endpoint – No more calling different endpoint for each service.
 - No requirement to get separate token for each service
- Platform Flexibility - .NET MVC, PHP, Python, AngularJS, IOS, Android etc.
- Logical Navigation across item relationship
- Use MS Graph Explorer to try all the scenarios using the API

Demo MS Graph Explorer

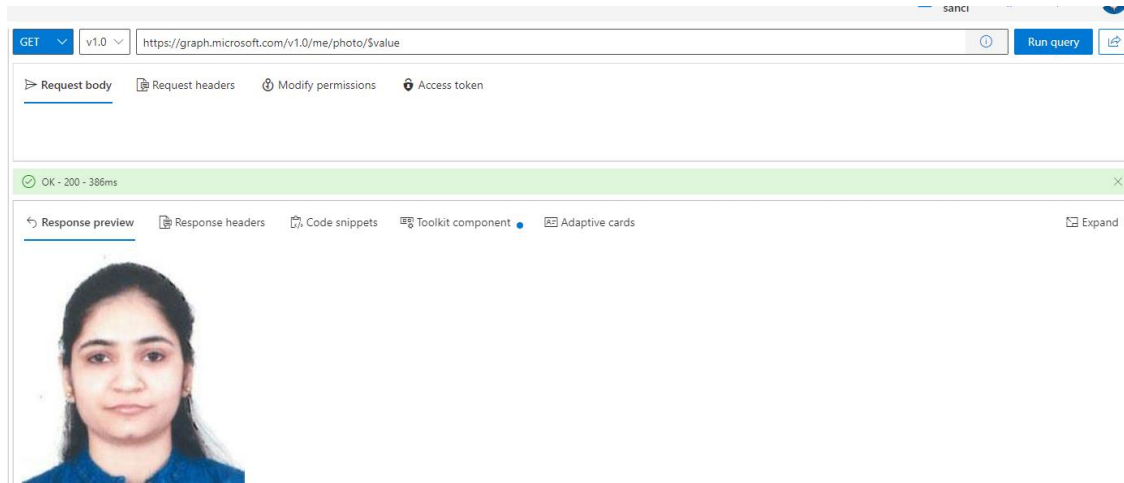


1. Navigate to <https://developer.microsoft.com/en-us/graph/graph-explorer>
2. Login with Azure Account (here signed-in with soni.a@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com)
3. Query the respective API (<https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/me>)

The screenshot displays the Microsoft Graph Explorer interface. The top navigation bar includes the title "Graph Explorer", a tenant selector for "sahcl", and a user profile icon labeled "SA". The main area shows a GET request to the endpoint `https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/me`. The response is a 200 OK status with a response time of 206ms. The response preview shows the following JSON data:

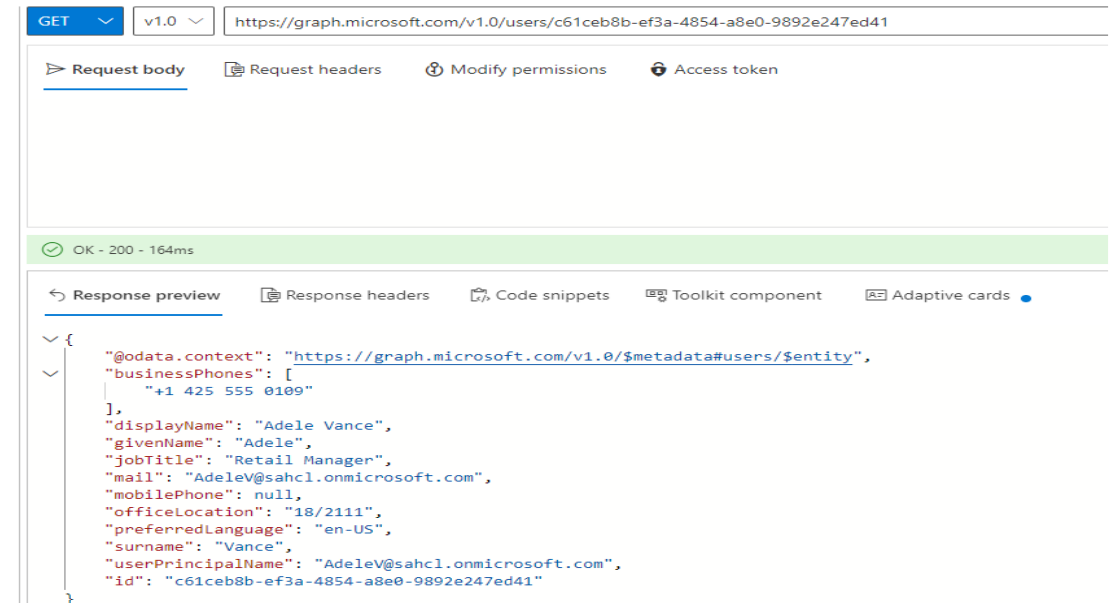
```
{
  "@odata.context": "https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/$metadata#users/$entity",
  "businessPhones": [
    "9999441156"
  ],
  "displayName": "Soni Arora",
  "givenName": "Soni",
  "jobTitle": null,
  "mail": "soni.a@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com",
  "mobilePhone": null,
  "officeLocation": null.
}
```


Demo MS Graph Explorer



Another user's profile information or photo can be accessed using <https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/users/{userId}>

The signed-in user's profile photo can be accessed using the `https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/me/photo/$value` endpoint



Demo MS Graph Explorer



Insufficient Access to user photo using
`https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/users/{userId}/photo/$value`

The screenshot shows the MS Graph Explorer interface. The URL bar contains `https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/users/c61ceb8b-ef3a-4854-a8e0-9892e247ed41/photo/$value`. The 'Request body' tab is selected. A red error banner at the bottom of the interface reads: "Forbidden - 403 - 230ms. Either the signed-in user does not have sufficient privileges, or you need to consent to one of the permissions on the Modify permissions tab". Below the error banner, the 'Response preview' tab is selected, displaying the following JSON error response:

```
{
  "error": {
    "code": "ErrorInsufficientPermissionsInAccessToken",
    "message": "Exception of type 'Microsoft.Fast.Profile.Core.Exception.ProfileAccessDeniedException' was thrown.",
    "innerError": {
      "date": "2022-11-11T19:40:44",
      "request-id": "cebe1f78-82de-466f-aabb-87c28506ced8",
      "client-request-id": "21ab9587-30ac-c8c0-523c-bddfa7c4f661"
    }
  }
}
```

Modify permission and consent for User.ReadBasic.All

User.ReadBasic.All

Allows the app to read a basic set of profile properties of other users in your organization on your behalf. Includes display name, first and last name, email address and photo.

×

Consent

Demo MS Graph Explorer



Consent granted for User.ReadBasic.All

login.microsoftonline.com/common/reprocess?ctx=rQQIARAApZJNaB...



soni.a@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com

Permissions requested



This app would like to:

- ✓ Read all users' basic profiles
- ✓ View your basic profile
- ✓ Maintain access to data you have given it access to
- Consent on behalf of your organization

Accepting these permissions means that you allow this app to use your data as specified in their [terms of service](#) and [privacy statement](#). You can change these permissions at <https://myapps.microsoft.com>. [Show details](#)

Does this app look suspicious? [Report it here](#)

Cancel

Accept


User photo is now available

GET v1.0 https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/users/c61ceb8b-ef3a-4854-a8e0-9892e247ed41/photo/\$value

Request body Request headers Modify permissions Access token

OK - 200 - 39ms

Response preview Response headers Code snippets Toolkit component Adaptive cards



Similarly we can call different API to get the data like trending items around me

```
Response preview | Response headers | Code snippets | Toolkit component | Adaptive cards
```

```
{
  "@odata.context": "https://graph.microsoft.com/beta/$metadata#users('5e72b466-36bc-46b7-ab72-551c82fa6542')/insights/trending",
  "value": [
    {
      "id": "TF_7m-axGjE60Sf3JLeYhDcmkUG8CUwcMJCgDUCBYt3OMU2bCXyDkCySq8opJasiqG8Mq87Bn54t0GOMVBAeW_BxA",
      "weight": 0,
      "resourceReference": {...},
      "resourceVisualization": {
        "containerDisplayName": "Academy",
        "containerType": "Site",
        "containerWebUrl": "https://sahcl.sharepoint.com/sites/Academy/Shared Documents/Forms/AllItems.aspx",
        "mediaType": "application/vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument.wordprocessingml.document",
        "previewImageUrl": "https://sahcl.sharepoint.com/sites/Academy/_api/GroupService/GetGroupImage?id='d811f4f4-e3ac-4654-86e9-b37eb1e66140'&hash=637979907817658781",
        "previewText": "Introduction Azure Developer CLI is a developer-centric command-line tool for building cloud apps. It is an open source tool that accelerates the time it takes to get started on Azure. Azure Developer CLI provides developer-friendly commands that map t",
        "title": "Azure Developer CLI",
        "type": "Word"
      }
    },
    {
      "id": "TF_7m-axGjE60Sf3JLeYhDcmkUG8CUwcMJCgDUCBYt3OMU2bCXyDkCySq8opJasiqG8zxnu4eaAR0mE5-hrcfcKxA",
      "weight": 0,
      "resourceReference": {...},
      "resourceVisualization": {
        "containerDisplayName": "Academy",
        "containerType": "Site",
        "containerWebUrl": "https://sahcl.sharepoint.com/sites/Academy/Shared Documents/Forms/AllItems.aspx",
        "mediaType": "application/vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument.wordprocessingml.document",
        "previewImageUrl": "https://sahcl.sharepoint.com/sites/Academy/_api/GroupService/GetGroupImage?id='d811f4f4-e3ac-4654-86e9-b37eb1e66140'&hash=637979907817658781",
        "previewText": "Bicep Introduction Bicep is a domain-specific language (DSL) that uses declarative syntax to deploy Azure resources. In a Bicep file, define the infrastructure we want to deploy to Azure, and then use that file throughout the development lifecycle to re",
        "title": "Bicep",
        "type": "Word"
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

The same API that are called from Graph explorer can be consumed in custom application using SDKs and client libraries

Microsoft Graph SDK



SDKs are available in the following languages:

- .NET
- Go (preview)
- Java
- JavaScript
- PHP
- PowerShell
- Python (preview)

NuGet Packages for .NET SDK

- **Microsoft.Graph:** Contains models and request builders for accessing v1.0 endpoint with fluent API
- **Microsoft.Graph.Beta:** Contains models and request builders for accessing beta endpoint with fluent API
- **Microsoft.Graph.Core:** Core library for making calls to MS graph

Setup Project in Visual Studio



- Create Console App
- Run Install-Package Microsoft.Graph using Package Manager Console.

```
PM> Install-Package Microsoft.Graph
Restoring packages for C:\Users\adminuser\source\repos\MSGraphSample\MSGraphSample\MSGraphSample.csproj...
GET https://api.nuget.org/v3-flatcontainer/microsoft.graph/index.json
OK https://api.nuget.org/v3-flatcontainer/microsoft.graph/index.json 29ms
GET https://api.nuget.org/v3-flatcontainer/microsoft.graph/4.47.0/microsoft.graph.4.47.0.nupkg
OK https://api.nuget.org/v3-flatcontainer/microsoft.graph/4.47.0/microsoft.graph.4.47.0.nupkg 6ms
GET https://api.nuget.org/v3-flatcontainer/microsoft.graph.core/index.json
```

- Create MS Graph Client with authentication provider. (Register the app in Azure AD for Authentication)

```
var client = GetAuthenticatedGraphClient();
var graphRequest = client.Users.Request();

var results = graphRequest.GetAsync().Result;
foreach (var user in results)
{
    Console.WriteLine(user.Id + " : " + user.DisplayName + " <" + user.Mail + ">");
}

Console.WriteLine("\nGraph Request:");
Console.WriteLine(graphRequest.GetHttpRequestMessage().RequestUri);
```

- The API to get all Azure Active Directory Users

Application Flow



- Register the application.
- Configure the project with ID and Key
- Authenticate the user and get access token
- Call Microsoft Graph API
- Show the result

```
Microsoft Visual Studio Debug Console

c61ceb8b-ef3a-4854-a8e0-9892e247ed41: Adele Vance <AdeleV@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com>
4f0a42cd-83c6-4094-920d-39b0f84c94e9: Alex Wilber <AlexW@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com>
381472d2-1f04-49ec-8f04-a4d8fdd2d32f: Diego Siciliani <DiegoS@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com>
47c9422c-1e8b-436e-a2de-da8d480dccfb: Grady Archie <GradyA@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com>
923b9326-5c45-4cd6-8281-0eedeea71acd: Henrietta Mueller <HenriettaM@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com>
aabc1219-3a7b-4b95-80bc-97274ecd00cb: Isaiah Langer <IsaiahL@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com>
3f1f3672-e3af-4262-ba30-c3f084abee91: Johanna Lorenz <JohannaL@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com>
2b27d03e-e0c7-411e-9da9-ee4b0e417e89: Joni Sherman <JoniS@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com>
44014abb-6db1-4168-938f-6addeb50e917: Lee Gu <LeeG@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com>
01e19aec-d33c-4c87-9e75-6e89a3e2a214: Lidia Holloway <LidiaH@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com>
77b3c0cb-61f6-45dc-a18e-60e05ed06792: Lynne Robbins <LynneR@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com>
983308f5-655b-4f7f-a44e-c5618a05c146: Megan Bowen <MeganB@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com>
89d5a157-48e1-497a-bc13-50f8b0983a4f: Miriam Graham <MiriamG@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com>
0cb90ed2-0710-407f-8379-c078498f8561: Nestor Wilke <NestorW@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com>
6c6e785e-e4fa-4462-a851-8c1788f9ede9: Patti Fernandez <PattiF@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com>
48d251af-c558-4f17-acf1-6f52589f0a20: Pradeep Gupta <PradeepG@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com>
5e72b466-36bc-46b7-ab72-551c82fa6542: Soni Arora <soni.a@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com>

Graph Request:
https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/users
```

Querying Data (OData with MS Graph)



Microsoft Graph supports query parameters to control the amount of data returned in a response

Microsoft Graph combined with OData is a very powerful technology that grants access to all members within an organization, it also prevents duplication of an organization members data and offers an option to reference these members by their organization id

Name	Description	Example
\$count	Retrieves the total count of matching resources.	<code>/me/messages?\$top=2&\$count=true</code>
\$expand	Retrieves related resources.	<code>/groups?\$expand=members</code>
\$filter	Filters results (rows)	<code><u>/users?\$filter=startswith(givenName,'J')</u></code>
\$format	Returns the results in the specified media format	<code>/users?\$format=json</code>
\$orderby	Orders results	<code>/users?\$orderby=displayName desc</code>
\$search	Returns results based on search criteria	<code>/me/messages?\$search=pizza</code>
\$select	Filters properties (columns)	<code>/users?\$select=givenName,surname</code>
\$skip	Indexes into a result set.	<code>/me/messages?\$skip=11</code>
\$top	Sets the page size of results	<code>/users?\$top=2</code>

OData Queries with MS Graph



- [https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/me?\\$select=displayName](https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/me?$select=displayName)

```
← Response preview  Response headers  Code snippets  Toolkit component  Adaptive cards
```

```
√ {  
  "@odata.context": "https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/$metadata#users(displayName)/$entity",  
  "displayName": "Soni Arora"  
}
```

- [https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/users?\\$filter=jobTitle eq 'Developer'](https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/users?$filter=jobTitle eq 'Developer')

```
← Response preview  Response headers  Code snippets  Toolkit component  Adaptive cards
```

```
√ {  
  "@odata.context": "https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/$metadata#users",  
  "value": [  
    {  
      "businessPhones": [  
        "+1 954 555 0118"  
      ],  
      "displayName": "Henrietta Mueller",  
      "givenName": "Henrietta",  
      "jobTitle": "Developer",  
      "mail": "HenriettaM@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com",  
      "mobilePhone": null,  
      "officeLocation": "18/1106",  
      "preferredLanguage": "en-US",  
      "surname": "Mueller",  
      "userPrincipalName": "HenriettaM@sahcl.onmicrosoft.com",  
      "id": "923b9326-5c45-4cd6-8281-0eedea71acd"  
    }  
  ]  
}
```

MS Graph PowerShell SDK



Prerequisites

- Powershell 5.1 or later
- .Net Framework 4.7.2 or later
- Update PowerShellGet to the latest version using `Install-Module PowerShellGet -force`

Installation

Run the following command to install the SDK in PowerShell Core or Windows PowerShell

- `Install-Module Microsoft.Graph -Scope CurrentUser`

Authentication

The PowerShell SDK supports two types of authentication: delegated access, and app-only access

```
PS C:\Users\soni.a> Set-ExecutionPolicy -ExecutionPolicy RemoteSigned -Scope CurrentUser
Execution Policy Change
The execution policy helps protect you from scripts that you do not trust. Changing the execution policy might expose
you to the security risks described in the about_Execution_Policies help topic at
https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkID=135170. Do you want to change the execution policy?
[Y] Yes [A] Yes to All [N] No [L] No to All [S] Suspend [?] Help (default is "N"): A
PS C:\Users\soni.a> Install-Module Microsoft.Graph -Scope CurrentUser
NuGet provider is required to continue
PowerShellGet requires NuGet provider version '2.8.5.201' or newer to interact with NuGet-based repositories. The NuGet
provider must be available in 'C:\Program Files\PackageManagement\ProviderAssemblies' or
'C:\Users\soni.a\AppData\Local\PackageManagement\ProviderAssemblies'. You can also install the NuGet provider by
running 'Install-PackageProvider -Name NuGet -MinimumVersion 2.8.5.201 -Force'. Do you want PowerShellGet to install
and import the NuGet provider now?
[Y] Yes [N] No [S] Suspend [?] Help (default is "Y"):
```

MS Graph Use Cases



Corporate Calendar	Application used to aggregate and show events fetched from various Resource Mailboxes in Microsoft Exchange in a Calendar View in a SPFx webpart on SharePoint Page
Extranet	Sending Invitation to External users using Graph API to add them as guest Users in M365 Tenant to provide vendors/suppliers access to respective SharePoint Sites
Customs Authority	Sign Up User form (Azure webapp) which sends Invitation using Graph API to add the external users as Guest Users in M365 tenant to access the SharePoint Site
List down site collections associated to HUB	There is no UI for the site owners to list down all the site collection associated to the HUB. Using graph API we have listed all the associated site collection for a HUB.
People Search	Search functionality to get user contacts in his own network and to be able to search for employees in the Organization based on user's attributes in Azure AD
E-Greetings(Under Implementation)	Functionality to Import Contacts from User's Mailbox and show it on SharePoint Page so that the user can send greetings to anyone of those contacts.
Automated Teams channel	Automated the process to create teams channel when a new site collection gets attached to the HUB.
Email Classification	Read and store (classification) of emails into Mango db using Natural Processing Language through MS graph over O365
O365 service health	Updates the O365 service health status in Service Health Dashboard by querying the MS incidents and advisories using Graph API
Legal hold private channel discovery	A PowerAutomate workflow created using graph API to query all private channel associated with specific user on legal hold
Frequently connected colleagues	Used APIs to list down frequently connected colleagues
One note notebooks and sections	Used APIs to list down one note notebooks and sections
Followed Yammer communities	Used APIs to list down followed Yammer communities

References



- [Microsoft Graph REST API v1.0 endpoint reference - Microsoft Graph v1.0 | Microsoft Learn](#)
- [https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/develop/v2-oauth2-auth-code-flow](#)
- [https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/graph/overview](#)
- [https://techgenix.com/microsoft-graph/](#)
- [https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/shows/beginners-series-to-microsoft-graph/](#)
- [https://blog.mydock365.com/everything-you-want-to-know-about-the-power-of-microsoft-graph-api](#)
- [https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/graph/auth/auth-concepts](#)
- [Oauth 2.0 Authorization Code Flow | Microsoft Graph – YouTube](#)
- [Microsoft Graph PowerShell SDK overview | Microsoft Learn](#)
- [https://devblogs.microsoft.com/odata/exploring-graph-native-support-for-odata/](#)

A white circle with a thin grey border containing the text "Thank You" in a bold, blue, sans-serif font. The circle is positioned on the left side of the image, with a white, wavy ribbon-like shape extending from its right edge towards the center of the image.

Thank You

